





To-morrow afternoon on the Happy Valley in the Six-Side Competition of the Hongkong Football Club, Mr. Looker's team will play Mr. Mackay's. Kick off at 5 p.m.

It was reported in Shanghai on the 10th inst., that H.E. Shing's long-drawn-out negotiations with the Belgian syndicate have come to a favourable end at last, and the first million pounds sterling will be shortly paid over to H.E. Shing.

#### THE GERMAN-AT KIO-CHAU.

The *Longmou* arrived here from Kio-chau yesterday, and she reported all quiet there. On the 3rd inst. the Germans took possession of Kio-chau city. On the first morning to open the city gates the garrison declined to do so, but a volley fired in the air induced them to change their minds, and the German force entered the city and took possession of it. General Chang Kiao-yuan was at first confined in one of the houses at Kio-chau, but on account of some native soldiers having been seen prowling around at night and making signals to him, he was removed on board the *Longmou*. The day before yesterday, however, General Chang was released by the Germans, and he left Kio-chau with the people who left Kio-chau when the Germans first took possession have returned and are now employed by the latter in building and fitting up winter quarters for the troops. Yesterday wild rumours were floating about the Settlement that the Germans had had a conflict with Chinese troops, but the explanation is that some disaffected Chinese soldiers were found attacking a village with intention to plunder, and fire-arms had to be used to disperse them, some three or four being killed. The *Scutcheon* leaves here to-day with supplies for the German fleet.

A native who has recently returned overland from Kio-chau reports that the cause of General Chang Kiao-yuan's retention by the Germans was owing to his refusal to issue a joint proclamation with the German admiral calling upon the people of Kio-chau to join the invaders. After being detained several days on board the German flag-ship, the Chinese General was released, an escort of German soldiers accompanying him for about two miles beyond the sea shore of the Bay. The four soldiers who were detained with the General report that they were not badly treated, but that their General was treated very harshly at first, and was shut up in a dark cabin. When, however, the Germans found that they could do nothing they allowed General Chang to go. On the 10th inst. the German admiral telegraphed to Peking as soon as he was compelled to retreat from the Tingtau fort asking for permission to oppose the Germans, but peremptory orders came telling him to do nothing to precipitate war with the Germans. Governor Liang-shing, who knew nothing of these orders, telegraphed to the Chinese Government General Chang for cowardice and asking leave to execute him as an example to the rest of the army. General Chang, however, is a brave and capable officer, much beloved by his troops and the people of Kio-chau and Shanghai. He and his brigades, the Tientsin, fought well and bravely during the war in Liaoting against the Japanese. With reference to General Chang Kiao-yuan, it will be remembered that very highly of him and his troops during the late war, and that he was the only Chinese who did not desert his colours. General Chang had quite a record for capability and courage during the reconquest of Chinese Turkestan from Yakub Beg of Kashgar, in the middle of the seventies. As a matter of fact General Chang may be said to be one of the very few Generals in China who at present who may be relied on.

N.O. Daily News.

At the regular half-yearly general meeting of the shareholders of the Nanyang Bank, held at Yokohama on the 29th November, Mr. Kondo, the President, explained that owing to the loss suffered by the Company to the extent of over 400,000 yen in working the European line, and to the general rise in prices, the Company was unable to declare any dividend for the period under review, but that after appropriations to the reserve and insurance funds, being only 56,000 yen.

The native papers state that Mr. Huang, the Shanghai Magistrate, has lately received a telegram from the Viceroy at Peking commanding him to suppress all reports of any kind against missionaries. The Germans, further, say the dispatch, have seized the pretext offered by the recent murder by bandits of two German priests in Shanghai to hold Kio-chau, and it is important that no further pretext be given to any foreign Power to be taken advantage of. N.O. Daily News.

We were pleased to see a thumping boat drunk at the 'Smoker' on Saturday last in honour of Surgeon-Major Houston, who, to the very general regret of the public, is just about to return home. In response to the cordial remarks of the Chairman, Dr. Houston said it gave him much pleasure to learn that, in the estimation of his many friends in Tientsin, he had done his duty during his residence here, and he had no hesitation in saying that he left with very great regret. Dr. Houston goes home to join the staff of Lord Roberts, Commander-in-Chief in Ireland, and carries with him our most cordial good wishes for his future happiness and prosperity. P. and T. Times.

Information has reached us (P. and T. Times) to the effect that a Russian Military Adviser has been engaged by the Chinese Government. The engagement was obviously made some little time back, as the official is expected to arrive daily if he is not already in China. The fact may have been perfectly well known to our Representatives, but until a few days ago it was a secret to the general public. The engagement, which is by far the most serious step on Russia's part which China has acquiesced in, is in perfect harmony with Russia's general policy in the Far East, and verifies what we have been predicting. It is also in harmony with the Cassini Convention, in connection with which we may mark off another detail accomplished. It brings into sharper relief the fact that a crisis has arrived, or is arriving, in the history of China, and that the Chinese Government will open a new and eventful chapter for all concerned. Russia is standing with a pistol levelled at China's head and getting all she wants. The situation can only be levelled up by some other Power getting on China's other side with a similar gun. But it may be that the German gun will be used for the defence of some vital southern interests. This position of affairs is, however, so to lead to a new and more active and effective movement, and we may participate very interesting developments in the future.

#### GERMANY AND CHINA.

##### DEGRADATION OF VICE-ROY LI PING-HING.

(Special Telegram to the 'China Mail').

Peking, December 13.

An Imperial Edict was issued on the 11th inst., to the effect, that Li Ping-hing, ex-Governor of Shantung and newly-promoted Viceroy of Szechuen, was to be dismissed from his office, and Yu Luk, the Tartar General of Fokien, was appointed Viceroy of Szechuen in his place.

#### REUTERS TELEGRAMS.

(Supplied to the 'China Mail').

London, 12th December.

#### GERMANY AND CHINA—A CONTRADICTION.

The statement of the Times regarding the evacuation of Kio-chau and the occupation of Sansah is positively denied at Berlin.

Reuters Agency at Peking wires that China has yielded, practically, on all points, and that the Germans refused to leave Kio-chau.

#### THE SOUDAN EXPEDITION.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, speaking at Bristol, said that there will be in due time, an advance on Khartoum, and that the Government would, if necessary, ask Parliament to aid Egypt in the achievement of that task.

#### GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE IN AFRICA.

Major Jenkins occupied Bona without resistance on the 17th November. The French claim Bona as part of their hinterland.

#### SHIPPING DISASTER.

Messrs Harting, Buschmann and Menzies have received the following telegram from the Captain of the steamer at Nawa: 'Twined sunk Irianito, 6600 bbs sugar sent Nagasaki.'

#### WEATHER REPORT.

The following notice is issued from the Observatory:

On the 14th at 11.40 a. Pressure has increased quickly and is again high over the North of China, with the lowest pressure being probably over Japan. Great clouds have become rather deep and very strong monsoon winds from the China coast. Forecast: fresh N. and N.E. winds; at first dull with drizzling rain, then improving. Increasing monsoon in the N. part of the China Sea.

#### SUPREME COURT.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(Before His Honour Sir J. Carrington, Chief Justice.)

Tuesday, December 14.

D. A. GURRAY AND OTHERS v. R. D. BELLING. Arguments were resumed in this case, as to the relevancy of an application by Mr. Francis, for the plaintiffs to bring evidence in rebuttal of the issues alleged to be raised by the defendants apart from the pleadings. The arguments were continued at some length, when His Lordship said the defendant should be heard by way of showing that he was right in not diverting to the defence outside the answer. He said that Mr. Francis, for the plaintiffs, was altogether shut up in the three points indicated in calling evidence, but these points gave some indication of the nature of the evidence.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

##### THE SAILING RACES AT THE REGATTA.

To the Editor of the 'China Mail'.

14th December, 1897.

Sir,—Your correspondent 'Competitor' having answered his own question and had it disclosed by yourself, I hardly see the ground of disliking me. I am very sorry that he should think that my want of principle should have led him to the Cup, but then you see I am only a poor Highlandman, and I believe the Cup was fairly won by Captain Hastings, and it is not in the least probable that he would keep it if he thought otherwise. However, if 'Competitor' will prove to me that I have wronged him or anyone else, I will gladly apologise, and do my best to put matters right; for nothing was further from my thoughts; but I do not control the wind, and the tide, or the mad rush of launches. Talking of principle recalls a remark I heard made by an exalted personage here, speaking of the merits of a local celebrity. 'He is a bad sort of fellow, but he has only one thing wrong with him; he is too d—d conscientious, wants to be Judge, Jury, Counsel, and Witness, you know.'

Yours faithfully,

THE JUDGE AND UMPIRE.

The *Peking* and *Tientsin* Times confirm the news that the *Cargo Bayan* is a total wreck in Hope Sound in the Gulf of Pechili. The *Cargo Bayan* was one of the best-known sailing vessels on the China coast. She was a wooden vessel of 553 tons, was built at Sunderland in 1892, and has been on or about this coast, if our memory serves, ever since she was built.

On the morning of the 6th inst. (says the *Shanghai Daily Press*), numerous foreigners were notified that their cases would be heard at 10.30, at the Mixed Court. There was a large number of criminal cases to be disposed of which occupied the time of the Court up to close upon noon. When the turn of the Europeans came after they had enjoyed the malodorous of the Courts for hours and a half unnecessary waiting. Messrs Doxwell, Carill & Co. had a case called on against a Chinaman, which was briefly disposed of by the assessor pointing out that it would be attended to later on. When the gentleman representing the firm was leaving the Court upon reaching the court-house and Chinese were seized by runners and an interesting case ensued. The gentleman promptly returned to the Court, and apologising for interrupting the proceedings, informed the British Assessor that his Chinese had been seized. The Assessor in a most engaging manner, put his hands before his face, smiled blandly and said he 'could not interfere'; it is a matter for the Chinese. This is justice done and the Chinese are satisfied.

#### BILL X—HIS MARK.

Said William, I will do a deed to keep my memory green.

And crush my numerous detractors, suffering from spleen;

And people yet shall yell to see my oris-

My own white hat, 'em as they did to

Henri de Navarre.

Yet that same mark will still exist, I pro-

phesy, nay, say,

When our generation here have

passed away.

So he called him cunning graver, skilled

in cutting dies of steel

And when then his well-mannered plan did

he reveal.

'Some man worked here to celebrate our

good Queen's glorious reign,

And for their trouble I am going to pay

them back again;

So, strike me straight a medal, one artistic-

cally true.

Some of gold and some of silver; of the

former one or two.'

So the medals they were stricken, or were

cast, or somehow made,

And William pondered out the puzzle where

they should be laid.

'Gild ones,' said he, 'there's one for each

of the official crew,

And one or two are over—what the dickens

shall I do for these?

Chances, of course, must have one, and,

well, I think it best

To lump the others in a bag and let chance

share the rest.

And so the Jubilee Committee got their

badge of fame;

They weren't dabbled knights or honour-

aries, but they were all the same—

While William's great ambition is achieved,

but keep it dark—

In those medals future ages yet will see

Bill X—his mark.

IONIC.

#### FALL OF A BUILDING.

CIVIL KILLED.

This morning a fatal accident occurred

in the fall of a building in Hollywood

Road, one girl being killed. The building,

which was occupied on the ground floor—

No. 92 as a coffin shop, No. 94 as a rice

shop—had been undergoing some repairs

to the front wall, and between two and

eleven o'clock Sergeant Smith and P.C.

MacSwayed, while passing the building,

noticed the front wall was bulging out in

an alarming manner. They informed the

occupants of the shops of the condition of

the wall, and suggested that it should be

shored up. They were making their way

to the Central Police Station to report the

matter, when they heard a noise of falling

bricks, and turning round saw the whole

front of the building collapsing. Informa-

tion was despatched to the Central, and

the constables proceeded at once to search

for the occupants amongst the debris.

The building consisted of two stories, and only

the back portion was standing. Chief

Inspector Mackie happened to be passing

shortly after the accident, and he took

charge of the search party of Police and

firemen which promptly arrived from the

Central Police Station, in charge of In-

spector Hannan and Acting-Inspector Mac-

donald. P.C. MacSwayed secured a small

smash on the head with a falling brick

while attempting to rescue a little girl

about twelve years of age, daughter of the

coffin dealer. The girl was got out in a

dire condition and removed with all speed

to the Hospital in Chief Inspector Mackie's

ambulance, but she died before admission.

Another daughter, about seventeen years

of age, was rescued some time afterwards.

She had received some dreadful bruises

about the head, but they are not of a fatal

character. She was removed to hospital in

an ambulance. The two girls were carried

down from the first floor with the falling

brick, and buried amongst a heap of bricks,

mortar and wood. The other occupants of

the houses escaped unhurt.

#### ALARMING ACCIDENT TO H.M.S. NAUZEUS.

The cruiser *Nauzeus*, which arrived

from Nagasaki yesterday, went into dock

at Kowloon this morning.

The following paragraph is taken from a

small paper entitled 'The Bounding

Billow' printed on board the U.S. flag-ship

*Olympic*.

'Sunday, Nov. 17.—While H. M. S. *Nauzeus* was at anchor in the harbor of

Chungking, Korea, one of her

drums got choked and burst, starting a

plate and allowing the water to rush in

at an alarming rate. In less than three

minutes, a foot of water had accumulated

beneath the engine-room, and before the

pumps could be started, the ship had

been holed. Great consternation was felt, and

the idea of running the apparently doomed

vessel ashore, was seriously considered.

Boats were cleared, ready for lowering, and

word passed, to stand by, to abandon ship.

It was half an hour before the powerful

pumps could cause any visible decrease in

the volume of water. Meanwhile the U. S. S. *Boston* had sent two officers on board,

#### THE TUNG WA HOSPITAL.

ADDRESSES BY H. E. SIR WILLIAM ROBINSON, THE GOVERNOR.

This morning, H. E. Sir William Robin-

son, the Governor, met the newly-elected

Directors of the Tung Wa Hospital at Go-

vernment House. The Directors were

elected at a public meeting of the members

and of the staff of the whole of Hong-

kong, held on 28th November, and their

names are as follows:—Chan Kai-tai, of

the Shing On Kai Pit Hong; Li Siu-tung,

of the On Hing California Hong; Chan

Lai-kai, of the Wai Shing Firm; Fung

Wai-chin, of the National Bank of China;

Li; Chan Man-shan, of the Kwong Sang

Rice Hoag; Lau Pak-tai, of the Kam

Fung U Nam Pak Hong; Leung Gai-jan,

of Messrs Ally & Co.; Li Yau-tai, of the

Wo On Bank; Lam Shau-ting, of the

Wong Ching-shing Office; Wong Ching-

shing, of the Kwong Hung Shing Optician

Shop; Li Yau-tai, of the Kwong Luk

Cotton Yarn Firm; Chan Long-tai, of

the Kwong Fuk Tai Piece Goods Shop;

Lau Pak-tai, and Tsin In-uen, who were

absent. These were also present:—Hons.

Ho Kai and Yau Yau-Lo, Leung-tung,

Liao Tze-an, Yung Chiu-p'o and Wong

Sing-tung.

His Excellency said:—Gentlemen, I am

very glad to meet you here to-day and I

am sure that you will all be very glad

to be elected as the new Directors of the

Hospital for the ensuing year. Though

there are some of you with whom I am not

personally acquainted, I know that you are

all gentlemen of position and influence

among the large Chinese community of this

Colony. I am glad to see that the

Directorate of the Tung Wa Hospital is

composed of such distinguished and ex-

cellent men, and I am sure that the

hospital will be able to do much good

work for the Chinese community. I have

been very much interested in the Tung Wa

Hospital, and have tried to increase its

usefulness by introducing into it very

necessary reforms. There is still room

for improvement, and I desire to call the

attention of the Directors to the fact that

the Hospital is in need of a new and more

satisfactory condition than it has at present.

For their exertions, the Directors, during

the past year, deserve the thanks of the

Colony, and I am sure that the care of

the hospital will be in the hands of the

most capable and efficient men. I trust

that the good example set by their





## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL

LONDON.—F. ALLEN, 11 & 12, Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C. BATES & GORON, Ludgate Circus, E.C. HARRY & Co., 37, Watling Street, E.C. SAMUEL DUNSON & Co., 150 & 151, Leadenhall Street, W. M. WILKS, 151, Cannon Street, E.C. ROBERT WATSON, 150, Fleet Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—MAYENNE, FAYNE & Co., 18, Rue de la Grange Batelière.

NEW YORK.—THE CHINESE EVANGELIST, Office, 52, West 22d Street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND AMERICAN PORTS generally.—BRAN & BLAIR, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GORON, Melbourne and Sydney.

CEYLON.—W. M. SMITH & Co., THE APOTHECARIES Co., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY & WAHAI, Ltd., Singapore.

CHINA.—MACAO, A. A. DA COSTA, Amoy, N. MOORE & Co., Shanghai, Pootung, H. W. GURCHILL, Shanghai, LANK, CHAWWORTH & Co., and KELLY & WAHAI, Yokohama, LANK, CHAWWORTH & Co., and KELLY & Co.

## INSURANCES.

## UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

(Instituted in the reign of Queen Anne A.D. 1714).

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED, £450,000.

CAPITAL PAID UP, £180,000.

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS EXCEED, £2,000,000.

TOTAL ANNUAL INCOME, £850,000.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agents of the above Society in Hongkong, are prepared to issue Policies against FIRE on the usual terms.

HARRY WICKING & Co., Agents.

1142, PRINCE STREET.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st December, 1895, £12,433,131.

Authorized Capital, £3,000,000.

Subscribed Capital, £2,750,000.

Paid-up Capital, £2,750,000.

Five Funds, £2,691,018.2.9.

HAVING been appointed AGENTS of the above Company we are prepared to accept EUROPEAN AND CHINESE RISKS at Current Rates.

SERWAN, TOMES & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 23, 1896.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1797.

AMOUNT INSURED, £30,000,000.

LOSSES PAID, £12,350,000.

PREMIUM INCOME, £72,000.

THE Agency of the above Society at Hongkong having been transferred to us we are prepared to issue Policies at the lowest Current Rates of Premium.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, December 10, 1897.

## SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS—DECEMBER 14, 1897.

Stocks.	No. of Shares.	Par.	Up.	Closing Quotations, Cash.
<b>BANKS.</b>				
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Corp.	80,000	120	all	173 1/2 prem. = \$341.35
Bank of China (Japan), Limited	39,950	5	all	90.00
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	199,950	5	all	94.2 1/2
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	1,265	5	all	100.00
National Bank of China, Limited	20,000	10	all	102.00
<b>MARINE INSURANCES.</b>				
Canton Insurance Office Co., Ltd.	10,000	250	50	157 1/2, sellers
China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.	24,000	83	33	270, sellers
North-China Insurance Co., Ltd.	5,000	100	20	118, sellers
Sinica Insurance Co., Ltd.	30,000	100	20	117 1/2, sellers
Union Insurance Society, Ltd.	10,000	200	40	110, sellers
Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.	8,000	100	20	110, sellers
<b>FIRE INSURANCES.</b>				
China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	20,000	100	20	110, buyers
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	8,000	100	20	110, buyers
<b>DOCKS.</b>				
H'kong & Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd.	12,500	125	all	222 1/2 prem. = \$402.50, sellers
<b>STEAMBOATS.</b>				
China and Manila S. S. Co., Ltd.	5,000	50	all	87 1/2, sellers
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	50	all	87 1/2, buyers
H. K. & M. Steamship Co., Ltd.	80,000	10	all	22 1/2, sellers
Indo-China S. S. Co., Ltd.	60,000	10	all	27.10, buyers
China Mutual S. S. Co., Ltd.	30,000	10	all	25.10, buyers
Do. (new issue)	20,000	10	all	22.10, buyers
<b>REFINERIES.</b>				
China Sugar Company, Limited	20,000	100	all	115 1/2, buyers
Yunnan Sugar Company, Limited	7,000	100	all	143, sellers
<b>H. K. &amp; Kowloon &amp; Godown Co., Ltd.</b>	20,000	50	all	160, sellers
Wanchai Warehouse and Storage Company, Limited	2,000	100	37 1/2	44 1/2, sellers
<b>LAND AND BUILDING.</b>				
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Company, Limited	50,000	100	50	174
Kowloon Land and Building Co., Ltd.	6,000	50	30	119, sellers
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	25,400	10	all	84 1/2, sellers
West Point Building Co., Limited	12,500	60	40	114
<b>TRADING.</b>				
H.K. High-Level Tramway Co., Ltd.	1,250	100	all	112, buyers
<b>MINEING.</b>				
Jobson Mining & Trading Co., Ltd.	40,000	5	all	82, sales
New Peking Mining Co., Ltd.	50,000	4	all	14.40, sellers
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	30,000	1	all	11.30, sales and buyers
Great Eastern and Caledonian Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	18,000	5	all	11.00
Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	62,000	5	all	24 1/2, sellers
Société Française des Charbonnages du Tonkin	12,000	500	all	110 1/2, buyers
New Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	75,000	1	all	11.50
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	75,000	1	all	11.50
Rent Aust. Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	30,000	2	all	11.00, sellers
Olivier Freshfield Mines, Ltd.	20,000	5	all	11.00, sellers
<b>PLANTING, ETC.</b>				
Chien-Borneo Company, Ltd.	7,500	100	50	110, buyers
H. G. Brown & Co., Limited	6,000	50	all	110, buyers
<b>HOTELS, ETC.</b>				
Hongkong Hotel Company, Ltd.	12,000	50	all	160, sellers
<b>DISPENSARIES.</b>				
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited	60,000	10	all	112
<b>LIGHTING.</b>				
H.K. and China Gas Co., Limited	7,000	10	all	110, sales
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited	30,000	10	all	110, sellers
<b>BREW AND BREWERY.</b>				
Green Island Beer Co., Ltd.	20,000	10	all	110, buyers
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Ltd.	10,000	10	all	15 1/2
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	1,200	10	all	15 1/2, sellers
Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited	6,000	25	20	123.25, buyers
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	600	50	all	133
Hongkong Bakery Company, Ltd.	10,000	74	5	142 1/2, buyers
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.	5,000	74	5	142 1/2, buyers
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	50	all	1170
H'kong Hope Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	10,000	100	30	117
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	10,000	100	100	110, sellers
International Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	10,000	100	100	110, sellers
Leong-Kong-Mow Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	100	100	110, sellers
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	2,000	25	20	110
Carmichael & Co., Ltd.	2,000	25	20	110
Soy Cheong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	2,000	25	20	110
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	2,000	25	20	110
"    "    "    "    "    "    "    "	2,000	25	20	110

## Intimations.

## THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED.

## HONGKONG EXCHANGE, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

## LIST OF EXCHANGE SUBSCRIBERS.

No. 123—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

124—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

125—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

126—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

127—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

128—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

129—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

130—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

131—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

132—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

133—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

134—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

135—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

136—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

137—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

138—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

139—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

140—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

141—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

142—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

143—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

144—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

145—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

146—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

147—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

148—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

149—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

150—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

151—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

152—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

153—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

154—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

155—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

156—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

157—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

158—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

159—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

160—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

161—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

162—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

163—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

164—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

165—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

166—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

167—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

168—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

169—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

170—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

171—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

172—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

173—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

174—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

175—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

176—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

177—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

178—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

179—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

180—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

181—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

182—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

183—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

184—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

185—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

186—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

187—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

188—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

189—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

190—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

191—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

192—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

193—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

194—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

195—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

196—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

197—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

198—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

199—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

200—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

201—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

202—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

203—Aberdeen, Paper Mills Office.

## Intimations.

## E

## F

## G

## H

## I

## J

## K

## L

## M

## N

## O

## P

## Q

## R

## S

## T

## U

## V

## W

## X

## Y

## Z

## A

## B

## C

## D

## E

## F

## G

## H

## I

## J

## K

## L

## M

## N

## O

## P

## Q

## R

## S

## T

## U

## V

## W

## X

## Y

## Z

## A

## B

## C

## D

## E

## F

## G

## H

## I

## J

## K

## L

## M

## N

## O

## P

## Q

## R